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upon request. You must maintain your records on the rig for 2 years or from the date of your last major inspection, whichever is longer.

- (2) You must visually inspect your BOP system and marine riser at least once each day if weather and sea conditions permit. You may use television cameras to inspect this equipment. The District Manager may approve alternate methods and frequencies to inspect a marine riser.
- (h) BOP maintenance. You must maintain your BOP system to ensure that the equipment functions properly. The BOP maintenance must meet or exceed the provisions of Sections 17.11 and 18.11, Maintenance; and Sections 17.12 and 18.12, Quality Management, described in API RP 53, Recommended Practices for Blowout Prevention Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (as incorporated by reference in §250.198). You must document the procedures used, record the results, and make available to BSEE upon request. You must maintain your records on the rig for 2 years or from the date of your last major inspection, whichever is longer.
- (i) BOP test records. You must record the time, date, and results of all pressure tests, actuations, crew drills, and inspections of the BOP system, system components, and marine riser in the driller's report. In addition, you must:
- (1) Record BOP test pressures on pressure charts;
- (2) Have your onsite representative certify (sign and date) BOP test charts and reports as correct;
- (3) Document the sequential order of BOP and auxiliary equipment testing and the pressure and duration of each test. You may reference a BOP test plan if it is available at the facility;

- (4) Identify the control station or pod used during the test;
- (5) Identify any problems or irregularities observed during BOP system and equipment testing and record actions taken to remedy the problems or irregularities:
- (6) Retain all records including pressure charts, driller's report, and referenced documents pertaining to BOP tests, actuations, and inspections at the facility for the duration of the completion activity; and
- (7) After completion of the well, you must retain all the records listed in paragraph (i)(6) of this section for a period of 2 years at the facility, at the lessee's field office nearest the OCS facility, or at another location conveniently available to the District Manager.
- (j) Alternate methods. The District Manager may require, or approve, more frequent testing, as well as different test pressures and inspection methods, or other practices.

§ 250.517 Tubing and wellhead equipment.

- (a) No tubing string shall be placed in service or continue to be used unless such tubing string has the necessary strength and pressure integrity and is otherwise suitable for its intended use.
- (b) In the event of prolonged operations such as milling, fishing, jarring, or washing over that could damage the casing, the casing shall be pressuretested, calipered, or otherwise evaluated every 30 days and the results submitted to the District Manager.
- (c) When the tree is installed, you must equip wells to monitor for casing pressure according to the following chart:

If you	you must equip	so you can monitor
(1) fixed platform wells, (2) subsea wells, (3) hybrid* wells,	the wellhead, the tubing head, the surface wellhead,	all annuli (A, B, C, D, etc., annuli). the production casing annulus (A annulus). all annuli at the surface (A and B riser annuli). If the production casing below the mudline and the production casing riser above the mudline are pressure isolated from each other, provisions must be made to monitor the production casing below the mudline for casing pressure.

^{*}Characterized as a well drilled with a subsea wellhead and completed with a surface casing head, a surface tubing head, a surface tubing hanger, and a surface christmas tree.

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(d) Wellhead, tree, and related equipment shall have a pressure rating greater than the shut-in tubing pressure and shall be designed, installed, used, maintained, and tested so as to achieve and maintain pressure control. New wells completed as flowing or gaslift wells shall be equipped with a minimum of one master valve and one surface safety valve, installed above the master valve, in the vertical run of the tree.

(e) Subsurface safety equipment shall be installed, maintained, and tested in compliance with §250.801 of this part.

CASING PRESSURE MANAGEMENT

§ 250.518 What are the requirements for casing pressure management?

Once you install your wellhead, you must meet the casing pressure management requirements of API RP 90 (as incorporated by reference in §250.198) and the requirements of §§250.519 through 250.530. If there is a conflict between API RP 90 and the casing pressure requirements of this subpart, you must follow the requirements of this subpart.

§250.519 How often do I have to monitor for casing pressure?

You must monitor for casing pressure in your well according to the following table:

If you have	you must monitor	with a minimum one pressure data point re- corded per
(a) fixed platform wells, (b) subsea wells, (c) hybrid wells, (d) wells operating under a casing pressure request on a manned fixed platform.	monthly, continuously, continuously, daily,	month for each casing. day for the production casing. day for each riser and/or the production casing. day for each casing.
(e) wells operating under a casing pressure request on an unmanned fixed platform,	weekly,	week for each casing.

§ 250.520 When do I have to perform a casing diagnostic test?

(a) You must perform a casing diagnostic test within 30 days after first ob-

serving or imposing casing pressure according to the following table:

If you have a	you must perform a casing diagnostic test if
(1) fixed platform well, (2) subsea well,	the casing pressure is greater than 100 psig. the measurable casing pressure is greater than the external hydrostatic pressure plus 100 psig measured at the subsea
(3) hybrid well,	wellhead. a riser or the production casing pressure is greater than 100 psig measured at the surface.

(b) You are exempt from performing a diagnostic pressure test for the production casing on a well operating under active gas lift.

§ 250.521 How do I manage the thermal effects caused by initial production on a newly completed or recompleted well?

A newly completed or recompleted well often has thermal casing pressure during initial startup. Bleeding casing pressure during the startup process is considered a normal and necessary operation to manage thermal casing pressure; therefore, you do not need to evaluate these operations as a casing diagnostic test. After 30 days of continuous production, the initial production startup operation is complete and you must perform casing diagnostic testing as required in §§ 250.520 and 250.522.

§ 250.522 When do I have to repeat casing diagnostic testing?

Casing diagnostic testing must be repeated according to the following table: